## Native Plant Garden Design Guide

Wild Ones Residence - Minneapolis, MN

# Landscape Plan 1 of 6

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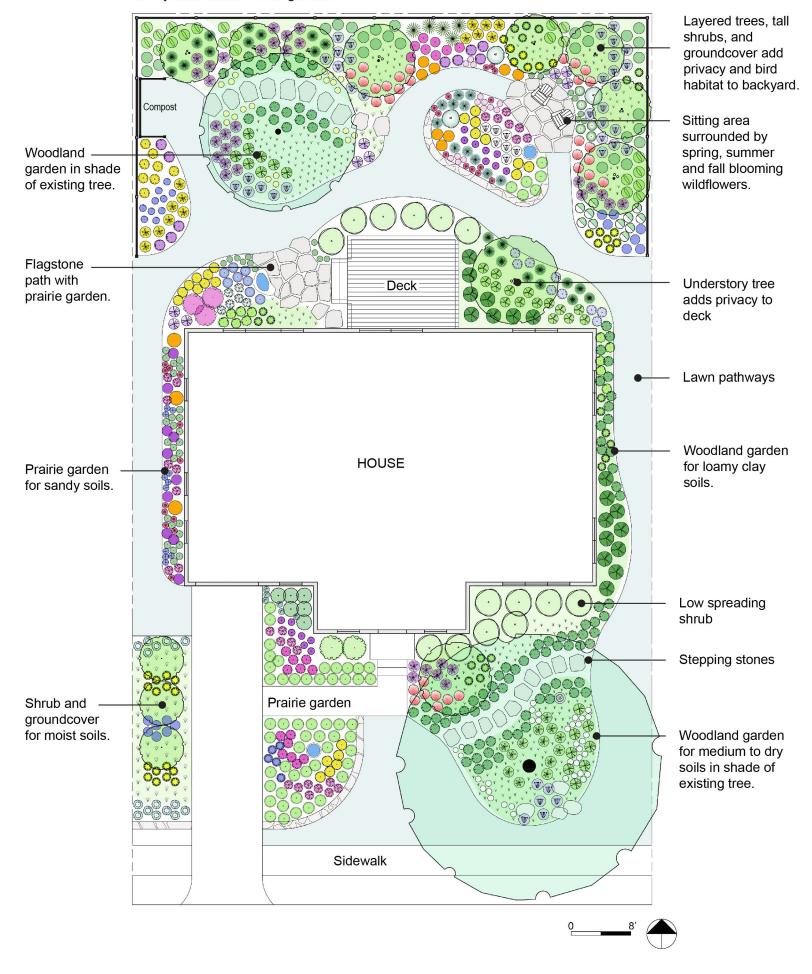
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This design guide begins by showing you a planting plan for a beautiful garden with healthy habitat. Detailed plans show sunny (prairie), shady (woodland) and bird-friendly layered gardens, followed by the design strategies that can guide planning for your unique site. The final page contains pictures of many of the native plants used in this plan and work well in a residential garden setting.

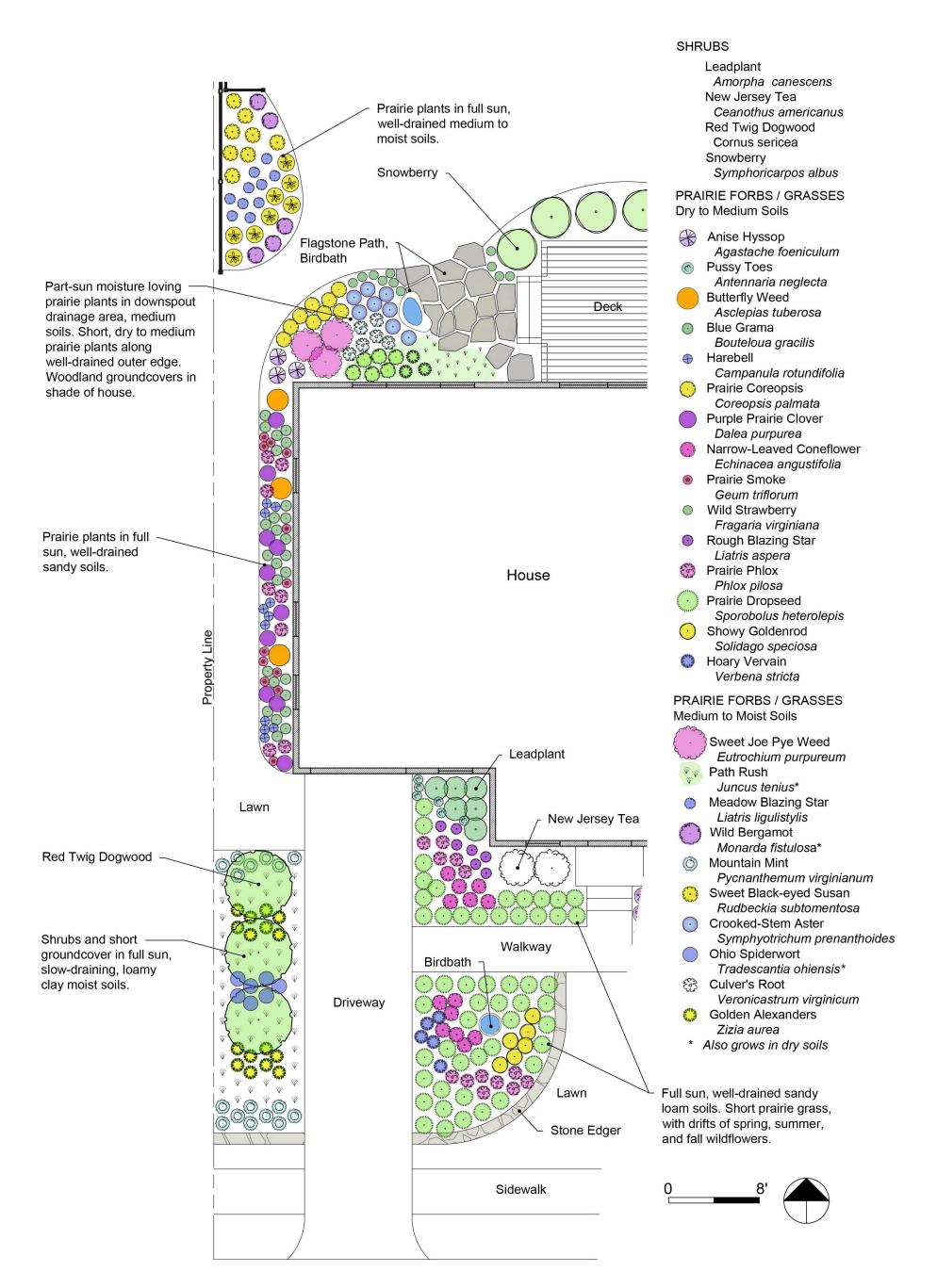
## **Design Overview**

This design works with nature. Plants are selected to thrive in the site conditions and on their ability to regenerate and cover the ground. The landscape structure is designed to reduce maintenance of weeds, while creating habitat.

Layout decisions and plant selection anticipate natural processes shaping the garden. Ultimately, the success of the design rests with the management of the garden. Management is a continuation of design, as it guides the development and adapts to the dynamic nature of the garden.



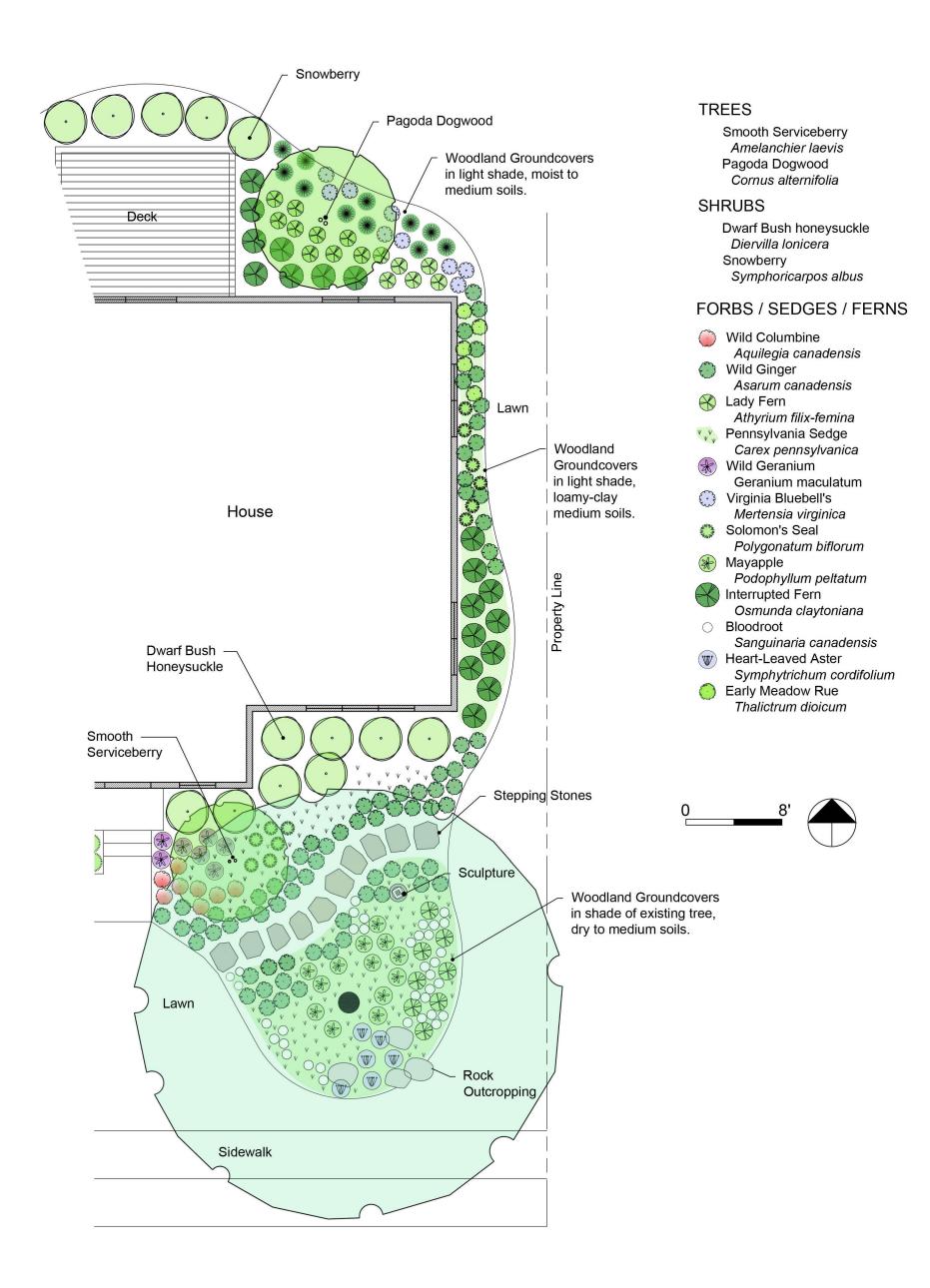
## Prairie Gardens 2 of 6



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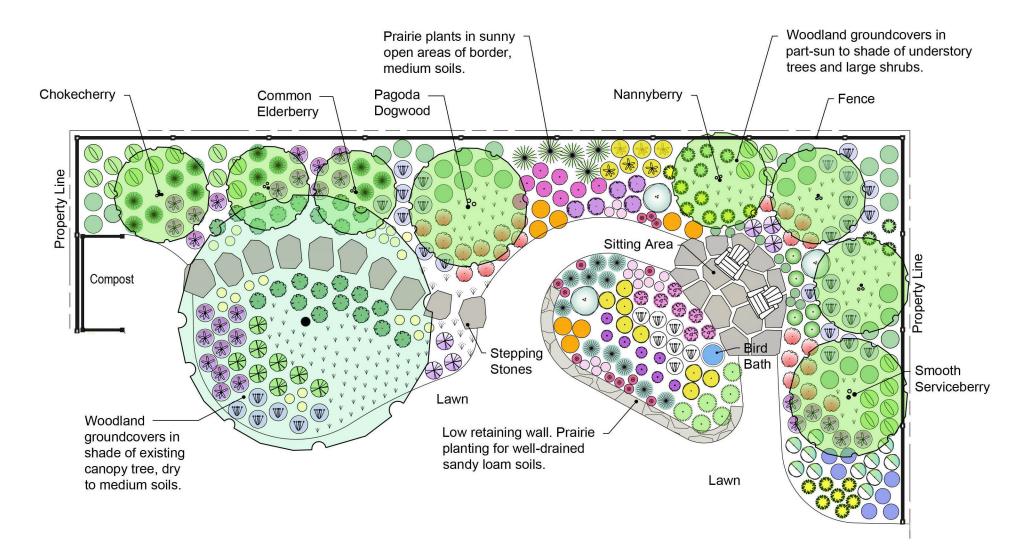
# Woodland Gardens 3 of 6



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#### 4 of 6 Layered Habitat



#### PRAIRIE FORBS / GRASSES

- Anise Hyssop Agastache foeniculum
- **Nodding Onion** Allium cernuum
- Tall Thimbleweed Anemone virginiana **Butterfly Weed**
- Asclepias tuberosa White False Indigo Baptisia alba
- Purple Coneflower Echinacea purpurea
- Rattlesnake Master Eryngium yuccifolium
- Wild Strawberry Fragaria virginiana
- Prairie Smoke Geum triflorum
- Path Rush Juncus tenius
- Rough Blazing Star Liatris aspera
- Monarda fistulosa **Smooth Penstemon**

Wild Bergamot

- Penstemon digitalis Prairie Phlox
- Phlox pilosa
- Yellow Coneflower Ratibida pinnata
- Little Bluestem Schizachyrium scoparium
- Showy Goldenrod Solidago speciosa
- **Indian Grass** Sorghastrum nutans
- Prairie Dropseed Sporogolus heterolepis
- Ohio Spiderwort Tradescantia ohiensis
- Culver's Root Veronicastrum virginicum
- Golden Alexanders Zizia aurea

### WOODLAND FORBS / SEDGES / FERNS

- Wild Columbine Aquilegia canadensis
- Wild Ginger Asarum canadense
- Lady Fern
- Athyrium filix-femina Pennsylvania Sedge Carex pennsylvanica
- Springel's Sedge Carex springelii
- Big Leaf Aster Eurybia macrophyllus
- Wild Gernaium Geranium maculatum
- Solomon's Seal Polygonatum biflorum
- Zig-Zag Goldenrod Solidago flexicaulis
- **Heart-Leaved Aster**
- Symphytrichum cordifolium
  - Bellwort Uvularia grandiflora

#### TREES / LARGE SHRUBS

**Smooth Serviceberry** Amelanchier laevis Pagoda Dogwood Cornus alternifolia Chokecherry Prunus virginiana Common Elderberry Sambucus canadensis Nannyberry

Viburnum lentago





## Carmen Simonet Design LLC

landscape architecture + ecology + gardens

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# Design Strategies 5 of 6

These design strategies guided the layout and plant selection illustrated in this plan set. Though your yard will be different, these strategies can help you create an ecological garden adapted to your site.

#### MATCH PLANTS TO SITE CONDITIONS

Identify site conditions – light, moisture, soil type, drainage patterns, microclimates, etc. Match the unique qualities of native plant communities (prairie, oak savanna, woodland) with the site conditions and use as a model to develop plant selection.



Native to upland deciduous woods, Pennsylvania sedge is used in this garden as a groundcover in the shade of trees.

### MAKE IT ATTRACTIVE

Add visual appeal to the biodiverse garden by adding order, neatness and familiarity.



A garden frames open space creating an outdoor room.



A low wall or a mowed edge adds neatness to biodiversity.



Colorful blooming flowers are familiar and loved.

#### CREATE HABITAT

Increase habitat richness by creating a layered landscape of native trees, shrubs, and groundcovers.

A layered landscape provides food and shelter for birds.

Provide pollinators with host plants and continuous blooms from spring to fall.

Let leaves and other plant debris collect on the woodland floor as mulch to build soil and retain moisture, as well as a place where birds can forage and insects can overwinter.

Leave seed heads standing overwinter for the birds. Cut back prairie vegetation in late spring to give overwintering insects time to leave their nests.











### DESIGN FOR EASE OF MANAGEMENT

Bare mulch is an invitation for weeds – develop a dense, continuous groundcover that fills the open space between and under plants.

Consider a plants ability to colonize – match a plants ability to spread by root or seed dispersal with the size and goals of a garden area.

Discourage one plant from taking over a bed by combining plants with similar competitive levels.

Plan for succession – combine short-lived plants that are quick to grow and fill a space, with long-lived plants that are slow to establish and fill in.



A dense groundcover layer discourages weed growth.

# **Native Plants**

6 of 6

### Prairie/Savanna (Sun to part-sun, Medium to Moist Soils)



Yellow Coneflower Ratibida pinnata



Wild Bergamot \*
Monarda fistulosa



Indian Grass Sorghastrum nutans



Ohio Spiderwort \*
Tradescantia ohiensis



Golden Alexanders Zizia aurea



Mountain Mint Pycnanthemum virginianum



Meadow Blazing Star Liatris ligulistylis



Culver's Root Veronicastrum virginicum



Sweet Black-eyed Susan Rudbeckia subtomentosa



Sweet Joe-pye Weed \*\*
Eutrochium purpureum \* Also grows in dry soils.

Nodding Onion Allium cernuum

White False Indigo Baptisia alba

\*\* Also grows in shade. Prairie/Savanna (Sun to part-sun, Medium to Dry Soils)



Leadplant Amorpha canescens



New Jersey Tea Ceanothus americanus





Little Bluestem Schizachyrium scoparium



Hoary Vervain Verbena stricta





Prairie Coreopsis Coreopsis palmata

Blue Grama Bouteloua gracilis



Purple Prairie Clover Dalea purpurea





Prairie Dropseed Sporobolus heterolepis



Anise Hyssop Agastache foeniculum





Showy Goldenrod Solidago speciosa



Purple Coneflower



Tall Thimbleweed Anemone virginiana



Rattlesnake Master (full sun only) Eryngium yuccifolium

### Woodland (Shade to Light Shade, Medium to Moist Soils)





Bloodroot Sanguinaria canadensis



\* Also grows in dry soils.



Solomon's Seal Polygonatum biflorum



Virginia Bluebell's Mertensia virginica



Interrupted Fern Osmunda claytoniana



Early Meadow Rue Thalictrum diocum







Wild Geranium



Bellwort Uvularia grandiflora



Heart-leaved Aster Symphytrichum cordifolium \*\* Also grows in sun.





Zig-zag Goldenrod Soildago flexicaulis





Zig-zag Goldenrod Soildago flexicaulis

# Understory Trees / Large Shrubs



Cornus sericea Prunus virginiana





Common Elderberry Sambucus canadensis